

2016 CALTRANS Facilities Infrastructure Plan

PRESENTATION TO THE CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION AUGUST 27, 2015

2016 Facilities Infrastructure Plan (FIP)

- Overview of the FIP
- > Facilities Process Improvement
- ➤ Office Building Project Roadmap
- ➤ Overview of the Existing Condition of Caltrans' Office Buildings
- > Future Steps

FIP Reporting Requirements

REQUIRED INFORMATION:

PER CHAPTER 606, STATUTES OF 1999 (ASSEMBLY BILL 1473/HERTZBERG)

- ➤ Office Building Projects
- ➤ Reporting requirement per Department of Finance

NON-REQUIRED INFORMATION:

- > Equipment Shops
- ➤ Maintenance Stations
- ► Material Labs
- >Transportation Management Centers
- ➤ Facility Resource Conservation Efforts

The FIP & The State Highway Operation and Protection Program (SHOPP)

Chronology and Fiscal Year Relationships: Facilities Infrastructure Plan and SHOPP

	Fiscal Years												
	Approximate Due Date	2014- 15		2016- 17			2019- 20		2021- 22	2022- 23	2023- 24	2024- 25	2025- 26
2014 Four-Year SHOPP	Jan 2014		4-Yea	ır Plan									
2015 Facilities Infrastructure Plan	Sept 2014			5-	Year P	lan							
2015 Ten-Year SHOPP	Jan 2015						10-Ye	ar Plan					
2016 Facilities Infrastructure Plan	Sept 2015				ŗ.	5-Year	Plan						

FIP Project Summary

\$89,760,000

Projected Facilities Infrasructure Needs Construction, Land, Capital, and Support

Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21

PROGRAMMED IN 2014 SHOPP

Location/Descriptions

Office Buildings

Equipment Shops Maintenance Facilities

Materials Laboratories

Transportation Management Center

Construction Totals

Sub-total (Capital)

Support *

Grand Total

UNPROGRAMMED NEEDS

Location/Description

Office Buildings

Equipment Shops

Maintenance Facilities

Materials Laboratories

Transportation Maintenance Center

Construction Totals

Land

Sub-total (Capital)

Support *

Grand Total

	2014 SHOPP	Fiscal Years

			=							
	1	2016 Facilities Infrastructure Plan Fiscal Years								
2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2016 FIP Total			
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$0	\$3,069,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$12,100,000	\$1,800,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$12,100,000	\$4,869,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$370,000	\$19,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$12,470,000	\$4,888,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$6,941,000	\$2,135,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
\$19,411,000	\$7.023.000	ŚO	ŚO	ŚO	ŚO	\$0	\$0			

2016 FIP Total	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$122,163,000	\$7,200,000	\$60,000,000	\$25,463,000	\$5,000,000	\$24,500,000	\$0	\$0
\$135,100,000	\$9,000,000	\$33,000,000	\$20,500,000	\$29,100,000	\$43,500,000	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$257,263,000	\$16,200,000	\$93,000,000	\$45,963,000	\$34,100,000	\$68,000,000	\$0	\$0
\$300,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$257,563,000	\$16,200,000	\$93,000,000	\$46,263,000	\$34,100,000	\$68,000,000	\$0	\$0
\$82,420,160	\$5,184,000	\$29,760,000	\$14,804,160	\$10,912,000	\$21,760,000	\$0	\$0

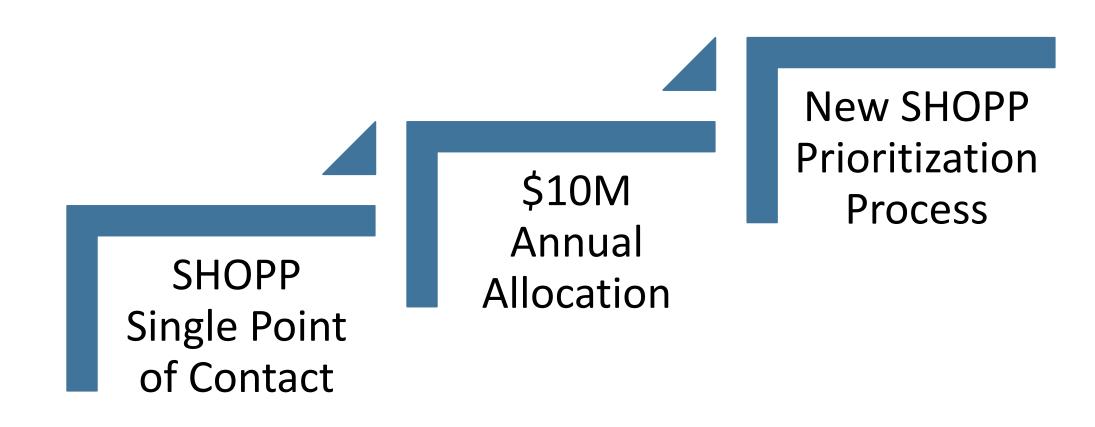
\$61,067,160 \$122,760,000

\$339,983,160

\$45.012.000

^{*} Support is estimated at 32% of capital costs for projects not programmed in the 2014 SHOPP.

Transportation Related Facilities Steps Towards Improvement



Office Building Projects

Caltrans requests
Infrastructure
Study from DGS

DGS Performs
Infrastructure
Study &
Feasibility Study

Caltrans requests inclusion into California Five-Year Infrastructure Plan

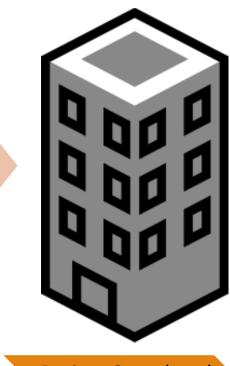
DOF approves
Capital Outlay
Concept Paper
(COCP) for inclusion
in Five-Year
Infrastructure Plan

Caltrans request funding approval for rehabilitation or replacement of office building

DOF approves Capital
Outlay Budget Concept
Paper (COBCP) and
makes appropriation in
Governor's Budget

Annual California Budget Process Caltrans secures funding via SHOPP or Lease Revenue Bonds

> DGS develops office building project (Preliminary Plans, Working Drawings & Construction Phases)



Project Completed (Total 5 – 7 yrs.)

1 Year 1 Year

1 Year

2-4 Years

Office Building Infrastructure Study Findings

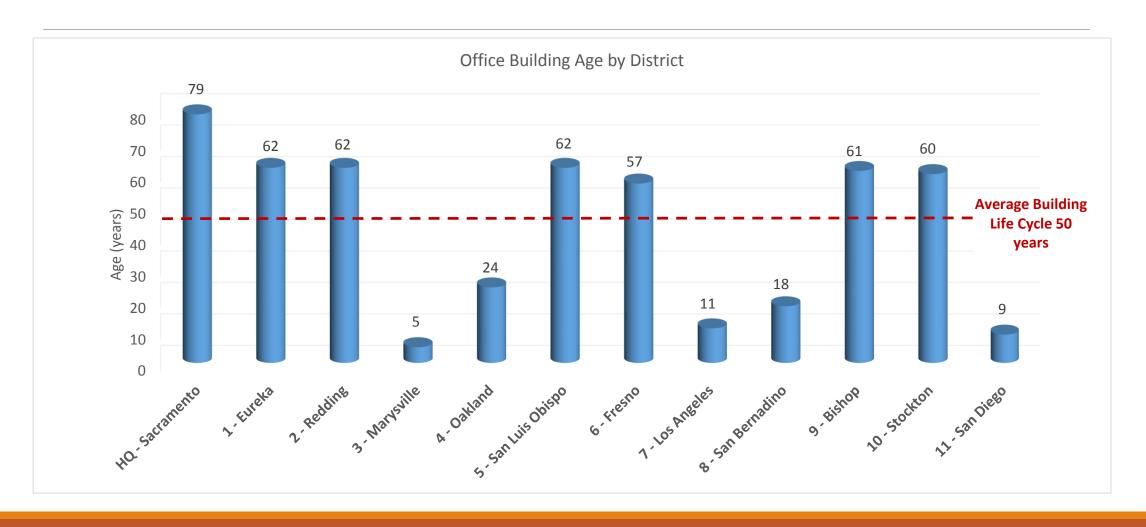
District	Location	Year Built	Age (years)	Gross (Sq.Ft)	Infrastructure Study - Year Performed	Estimated Construction Cost* of Replacement (\$Millions)
	Sacramento	1936	79	462,392	2007	
HQ		1950	65			\$199.6
		1960	55			
2	Redding	1953	62	47,851	2003	\$36.8
5	San Luis Obispo	1953	62	41,700	2007	\$38.2
6	Fresno	1958	57	78,000	1990	\$77.7
9	Bishop	1954	61	20,250	2003	\$65.1
10	Stockton	1955	60	65,574	2009	\$65.3

^{*}Construction costs do not include cost of relocation, swing space, furniture, fixtures, and equipment.

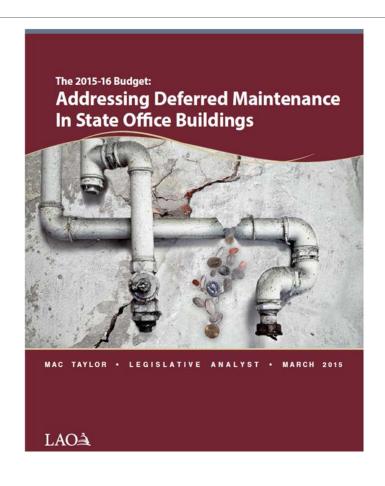
Overview of findings:

- Mechanical (HVAC), Electrical, Plumbing, Utilities (Sewer & Water Lines), and Telecommunications systems are obsolete and beyond useful life
- > Fire protection sprinklers limited to certain parts of the building (if at all)
- > Hazardous materials can be found in the original building material, making building upgrades complex and expensive

Need Due to Aging Inventory of Buildings



Deferred Maintenance in Office Buildings



- Department of General Services (DGS) has struggled to consistently maintain their office buildings portfolio.
- ➤ DGS current backlog of maintenance projects totals \$138M.
- When preventative/deferred maintenance develops, it can result in significant repair costs and create shorter building life-cycle.
- ➤ DGS has not prioritized or regularly assessed their buildings to evaluate their condition.

Priority #1 Caltrans Headquarters Building

- Building is 79 years young
- Mechanical (HVAC), Electrical, Plumbing, Sewer, and Telecommunications systems are obsolete and beyond useful life
- > Limits the resource conservation efforts
- Due to the age of the building, asbestos and lead can be found in some of the original building material
- Fire protection sprinklers serve only the basement



Risk of Maintaining the Status Quo

Risk of...

- Catastrophic failure (e.g. building system stops working)
- State Fire Marshall (SFM) condemnation
- Immediate evacuation and relocation of employees
- Loss of productivity



Los Angeles District Office construction was authorized after SFM condemned the building

Future?